

Flaky Lard and Butter Pastry

Yield

Enough dough for two 9-inch single-crust pies or one 10-inch double crust pie

Time

About 30 minutes of active time, plus three 20- to 30-minute periods of refrigeration to rest the dough between turns

Baking Notes

This pastry recipe, a standard pie dough with "turns," can also be called a semi-puff pastry. Semi-puff has the virtue of being simpler to execute than classic puff pastry while producing exquisite flakiness and a bit of lift that gets close to the real deal. Close enough for us. The turns also give the dough unflappability in terms of handling. Each full turn involves rolling the dough out into a long rectangle and folding it across itself into thirds. Then the process is repeated. The dough will show chunks of butter at the early stages and look scraggly and ragged. But with successive turns it will become easier to work with and progressively tidier. As with all of Anson Mills heirloom flours, this pastry flour hydrates slowly. The initial rough dough may feel dry, but resist the impulse to add additional water.

All the ingredients for this crust should be frozen first. Of course, your flour is already frozen, right? Because Anson Mills flour lives in the freezer. The lard will be frozen, too. Freeze the butter for a half hour before making the pastry.

Equipment Mise en Place

For this recipe, you will need a digital kitchen scale, a food processor, a large mixing bowl, a rubber spatula, a bench knife, plastic wrap, a rolling pin, and a ruler.

Ingredients

9.4 ounces (2 cups) Anson Mills Colonial Style Fine Cloth-Bolted Pastry Flour, chilled, plus additional for dusting the work surface
³/₄ teaspoon fine sea salt
Generous ¹/₈ teaspoon baking powder
2 ounces (4 tablespoons) frozen leaf lard, cut into ¹/₂-inch pieces and kept in the freezer until ready to use
4 ounces (8 tablespoons) unsalted European-style butter, cut into ¹/₂-inch pieces and frozen for 30 minutes
3.2 ounces (about 7 tablespoons) iced water

Directions

1. Place the flour, salt, and baking powder in a food processor bowl and pulse to combine. Scatter the lard over the dry ingredients and process to a coarse meal, about **20** seconds. Stop the machine, scatter butter pieces over the top, and pulse until the butter is partially cut into the dry ingredients, but still shows large pieces, 10 to 15 one-second pulses. Turn the contents of the work bowl into a large mixing bowl. Make a well in the center of the dry ingredients, add the iced water, and mix lightly with a rubber spatula until evenly moistened. Turn the mass out onto a clean work surface. Use the heel of your hand and short, forward thrusts against the counter top to smear the cold butter chunks into the flour. This technique, known as *fraisage*, will create layers of butter and flour that serve to laminate and lift the dough. Scrape everything together with a bench knife and repeat the *fraisage*. Shape the dough into a rough 6 by 6-inch block. It will be crumbly and *not* inclined to hold together. Wrap it in plastic wrap and refrigerate for **20** minutes.

2. Sprinkle flour lightly over the work surface. Unwrap the dough, sprinkle the top lightly with flour and roll it out into a rectangle 7 inches wide by 14 inches long. Fold the top third of the dough *down* and the bottom third of the dough *up* to create a rectangle, which, when turned with the open side on the right, looks like a book and measures about 5 inches wide by 7 inches long. Flour the work surface very lightly and repeat the process. Use a bench knife to block the sides of the dough. You have completed 2 turns. Re-wrap the dough and refrigerate it for at least 20 minutes. Repeat this process 2 more times. You have now given the dough 6 full turns. Refrigerate it for 1 hour or overnight, or wrap well and freeze for up to a month. Refer to the specific recipe you're making for additional directions.